

EXCHANGE:
Closing Quotations:
T.T. London 36/31 1/2
Demand 36/31 1/2 1/4

The Hongkong Telegraph

WEATHER FORECAST
FINE.
Barometer 30.08.

November 28, 1918. Temperature 6 a.m. 65 2 p.m. 70
Humidity 84 70

(ESTABLISHED 1881.)
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November 28, 1917. Temperature 6 a.m. 63 2 p.m. 70
Humidity 52 70

8110 日五廿月十

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 28, 1918.

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REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.

THE CHAOS IN GERMANY.

Indefinite Allied Occupation a Possibility.

London, November 28.
The Daily Chronicle, commenting on the chaos in Germany, warns the German people that they must themselves establish a responsible Government, otherwise the Allies will have no alternative but to reluctantly occupy Germany indefinitely, until the difficulties are cleared up.

"Old Gang" Denounced.

Copenhagen, November 28.
A Conference of German Federal States has met in Berlin. Herr Eisner, President of Bavaria, vigorously denounced Dr. Solf and Herr Erzberger, who were deeply compromised as representatives of the old regime.

Other Items.

Copenhagen, November 28.
It is expected that the German National Assembly will meet at Frankfurt immediately.
The Bolsheviks have been completely routed at Bremen.
The crews of warships at Kiel have passed a resolution condemning the Berlin extremists.

THE PEACE NEGOTIATIONS.

Lodging the German Mission.

Paris, November 28.
It is stated that the German Mission which takes part in the coming peace preliminaries will not be lodged in Paris, but in the environs of the capital.—Havas.

Germany Must Pay.

London, November 28.
In connection with the movement for the division of Germany into its various States, ruled as Republics, the Westminster Gazette, referring to the possibility that in the course of the peace negotiations the Allies may be faced with a situation in which the legal personality of Germany may have undergone a complete change, and Germany, like Austria, be blown to fragments, says:—"That cannot be allowed to alter the main fact of the situation namely, that Germany as a whole must be held responsible for the consequences of the war, and German States, whatever their form, must pay the bill."

GERMAN DUPLICITY DENOUNCED.

Copenhagen, November 28.

Vorwarts, referring to the Bavarian revelations, vehemently denounces the Berlin Government's duplicity.

THE KING'S VISIT TO PARIS.

A Warm Welcome Assured.

Paris, November 28.
Paris is ready to give the King of England a deeply-felt welcome. The King comes to convey congratulations to the President of France on the great victory secured by the joint armies. Paris will honour England and the Empire.—Havas.

STRASBOURG ENTERED.

French Liberators Welcomed.

London, November 28.
Reuter's correspondent at Strasbourg says a French Army headed by Marshal Pétain has entered Strasbourg. The city was bedigged and the streets packed with cheering thousands singing the "Marseillaise."

An Injustice Averted.

Paris, November 28.
Marshal Pétain made an official entry into Strasbourg yesterday afternoon. With the recovery of the old Alsatian fortress, the stain of 1870 is expunged from the escutcheon of France. Alsace and Lorraine throw themselves into the arms of the Motherland, and there is no talk of plebiscites or autonomy. The troops in Strasbourg passed through the Place Kleber to the Place Republique, where they defiled in a magnificent column past Marshal Pétain amid scenes of emotion. A short service was held in the Cathedral. The emblems of mourning were removed from the monument of Strasbourg at the Place Concord.—Havas.

THE RUSSO-GERMAN FRONTIER.

Terrible Distress Among Returning Troops.

Copenhagen, November 28.
Telegrams report terrible scenes of distress on the Russo-German frontier among the destitute Russian and German prisoners tramping homeward.

IMPERIAL UNITY.

An Improved Constitution Necessary.

London, November 28.
Lord Robert Cecil, speaking at Hitchin, emphasised the necessity of improving the Constitution of the Empire. He did not agree with the Australian Premier's complaint about not being sufficiently consulted as regards the terms of the Armistice, but he thought the complaint indicated a weakness in our present Imperial arrangements, as we had no regular means of consulting the Dominions. Something must be done to improve Imperial consultation and Imperial unity. The speaker aroused the greatest enthusiasm by declaring that there was no feeling more widely or more deeply held than that those responsible for the war should be punished, irrespective of rank or position.

RELEASED FRENCH PRISONERS.

Paris, November 28

Two thousand French prisoners of war from Germany have arrived in Paris from Darmstadt. Over a hundred thousand other prisoners will make their way home on foot.—Havas.

REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.

THE GENERAL ELECTION.

Mr. Bonar Law on War Questions.

London, November 28.
There were numerous Election speeches last evening, including one by Mr. Bonar Law, at Glasgow, who said that for the future of the world and the sake of the nations which participated in the war it was not less essential now than during the war that there should be good feeling among the nations that helped to win the war. Dealing with criticisms of an Election during the present juncture, he emphasised that it was essential that the British representatives at the Peace Conference should have the support of the whole country. He repeated that the Allied victory would have been impossible without the financial assistance of Britain, which ran terrible risks. "More than once we could only look a week or two ahead as the time during which we could meet our obligations, yet we were right to run that risk, for without success what was the use of gold as a security or anything else?"

Mr. Bonar Law warmly tributed the Dominion and Indian troops, and stated that 85 per cent of the troops would be able to vote in the Election.

Some Interesting Items.

London, November 27.
Sir Edward Carson has decided to stand for Belfast Division instead of Dublin University.

Colonel Lynch has been adopted Labour candidate for South Battersea.

A growing feeling is being manifested in different parts of the country in favour of a free hand in the local selection of candidates. Mr. Lloyd George has been urged to take the matter in hand to prevent the unnecessary wounding of local susceptibilities.

The Times, publishing a list of hundreds of candidates, remarks that the quality is far less remarkable than the quantity.

THE GERMAN EVACUATION.

Details of Allied Occupation.

Paris, November 28.
By the Armistice terms, the Allies are to hold the entire west bank of the Rhine in addition to three bridgeheads on the east bank. The American Army will occupy Coblenz, the British Cologne and the French Mayence.—Zavas.

EARLIER TELEGRAMS.

COMPLICATIONS IN GERMANY.

Copenhagen, Nov. 28.

Berlin papers emphasise the growing political complications throughout Germany. Separatist movements aimed to throw off Berlin authority are becoming more pronounced in South Germany, North-west Germany and the Rhine provinces. South German representatives have declared hostility to the Spartacus policy. Negotiations are stated to be proceeding between the various non-Prussian Governments, wherein German-Austria is participating. Meantime sympathisers of the old order of things are not concealing their sentiments. "Vorwarts" says the well-known General Von Arnim, chief of the Fourth Army at Aachen declared he would create divisions in the Soviets ranks and re-establish the old regime. Similar views are publicly and secretly voiced in other Rhine towns.

THE ORIGIN OF THE WAR.

Copenhagen, Nov. 28.

Amazing revelations as to the origin of the war are contained in documents from the Bavarian Legation in Berlin published officially in Munich. The Minister in the middle of July 1914 described Germany's calculated efforts to prevent an agreement between the Entente. Meanwhile Austria was to show a peaceful disposition and it was arranged the Emperor William should be abroad so that when the crash came Germany could express surprise. Further communications contain damaging confirmation of Germany's cold-blooded determination to resist all attempts to preserve peace. It mentions that the General staff expected to finish France in four weeks and that Belgian neutrality had to be violated even at the expense of involving England.

One passage in a report by the Bavarian Minister shows that as early as July, 1914, Germany had given Austria permission to negotiate with Bulgaria regarding the latter joining the Triple Alliance. Germany was rather anxious over the necessary delay in handing the ultimatum to Serbia fearing that Serbia would thus be given time, under pressure from France, to offer satisfaction. Count von Lerchenfeld continues:—"With reference to the Kaiser travelling in a foreign country and the Chief of the great General Staff and the Prussian War Minister being on furlough the Imperial Government will declare that it was as much surprised as the other Powers by Austria's action."

PASSAGES FOR WIVES OF SOLDIERS.

London, Nov. 28.

The Government provides free passage to the dominions for the wives and families of colonial and dominion residents who have joined the Army, Navy or Air Force. Passages will be available before the conclusion of peace after which practically all available shipping will be needed for the repatriation of the Dominion forces. The Government realises that the re-establishment of normal conditions in the dominions is one of the nation's first considerations.

BRITISH MILITARY SERVICE.

London, Nov. 28.

The War Office announces that with a view to providing men for overseas garrisons and necessary reserves at home soldiers may extend their periods of service for two, three or four years, entitling them to bonuses of twenty, forty and fifty sterling respectively.

EARLIER TELEGRAMS.

THE GERMAN NAVAL SURRENDER.

Ships in a Disgraceful Condition.

London, Nov. 28.
To-day the advanced unit of the British fleet set out for Kiel from the great mine-sweeping and Q-boat base at Granton, Edinburgh. It consisted of a flotilla of the "Hunt class" of mine-sweepers comprising the flagship Muskerry, Oottemore, Cotswold, Pythley, Holderness, Tadworth, Garth and Haythorp. These vessels will sweep a passage to Elsinore Sound and for the bigger ships in the Baltic to Kiel Bay. Meanwhile the inspection of the interned German armada is proceeding rapidly. The German destroyers to-day followed the battleships to Scapaflow and it is expected that by to-morrow the Forth will be nearly clear of German ships.

They are generally in a poor state through neglect and lack of paint. Years of rust have disfigured their sides and funnels, while the masts and bridges are blackened with soot. The German sailors presented an unseamanlike appearance, their clothes being dirty and nondescript. The only ship in decent trim was the Derflinger. To the inspecting British officers the German Lieutenants attempted to be affable. One smart fellow, who keenly felt his position, said "This deplorable surrender will ruin the German navy for all time. It had no sea traditions to live up to like the British fleet, now we have only a dishonourable record and no man will want to serve in a disgraced service." The internal state of the battle-ships was on a par with the external. They smelt mouldy owing to the stoppage of electric ventilation.

The U-Boat Avenue.

London, Nov. 28.
A correspondent who has visited the "U-boat avenue" at Harwich where the surrendered submarines are lying, states that the avenue is over a mile long. The submarines are tied to either side in batches of three and four. Officers when asked the whereabouts of their flags said their flag was the red one. The correspondent visited one of the Deutschland type and saw the bloodstained cat o' nine tails which a British sailor found under the Captain's bunk.

AUSTRALIAN WHEAT HARVEST.

Melbourne, Nov. 28.

Mr. Watt has cabled to Mr. Hughes that in view of the fact that another wheat harvest is due requiring payment to the growers of at least £10,000,000 the Wheat Board thinks it desirable to sell one million tons of wheat at a minimum of 4s. 9d. a bushel, provided that Australia is permitted to compete in the world's markets and the whole of the South African and Eastern markets reserved for the disposal of the balance.

ALLIED WARSHIP IN BLACK SEA.

Paris, Nov. 28.

Allied warships have entered the Black Sea and destroyers are proceeding to Sulina and Galatz.
The British cruiser Liverpool and two British destroyers are going Novorossisk, Poti and Batum. The British cruiser Sentinel and two destroyers are going Trebizond, Samsun and Sinope.

U BOATS' LAST VICTIM.

Stockholm, Nov. 28.

The last victim of submarineism was the Christiania steamer Ener which was torpedoed on the evening of the 11th inst., thus after the beginning of the armistice. The crew, who landed at Bergen, said a German submarine on the 11th destroyed a British transport en route to Archangel with three thousand troops.

THE BRITISH CENSORSHIP.

London, Nov. 28.

The censorship on foreign cablegrams will continue until peace is concluded.

THE NEW PARLIAMENT.

London, Nov. 28.

The King's proclamation provides for the new Parliament to meet on Jan. 21.

CANTON NEWS.

Our Canton correspondent writes as follows:—

The Victory Celebrations.

There were very elaborate decorations displayed on the 27th inst., the first of the three days for the celebration of the Entente victory. Flags and banners were gorgeously arranged in front of the public departments, and by big firms and the schools. A tea party was given in the east garden by the seven Councillors of the Military Government, the Civil Governor and the Tachun, to all Consuls, prominent merchants in Shanghai, the Press, educational and commercial societies. All the yamen had a tablet displayed in front of the door, with characters showing the occasion. The most attractive one was placed

just in front of the door of the Military Headquarters of the 1st Army. The four characters on the tablet were "Victory for the Entente" and there was a pair of scrolls, one on each side, with a sentences as follows:—"Bloody war for five years was the greatest calamity on earth." "Success in one day will be the salvation of the world."

New Appointments.

A resolution has been passed by the Military Government to appoint Lam Fo-yik, the present Admiral in Canton, as Tachun of Fukien, with Chan King Ming as Civil Governor.

Funds Wanted.

Sam Hung-ying, the Commander of the Kingchow expedition, has urgently asked the Financial Department for £40,000 to send Lung's 4,000 soldiers back to their native

TELEGRAMS.

(Reuter's Service to The "Telegraph.")

THE SILVER MARKET.

London, Nov. 28.
The silver market is quiet.

A PRO-GERMAN.

First Conviction in the Philippines.

The first person to be convicted under the espionage law in the Philippine Islands is Fernan Mas, who has just been fined by Judge Concepcion the sum of P100. Mas was a former employee of the Bureau of Customs being chief of the guards of the pier. Mas was accused of having on more than one occasion expressed pro-German sentiments couched in terms highly insulting to the United States and her Allies. Judge Concepcion found him guilty of all the charges and although the violation is regarded as a grievous one, taking into consideration the instruction and education of the accused, said the Judge in his decision, the Court finds it unjust to make the accused feel the whole weight of the law.

GERMANS IN CHINA.

More Internments.

According to news from the Metropolitan Police Headquarters both Herr Cordier, Chief of the German Bank in Peking and von Hanneken of Tientsin were safely interned in the Abstinence Temple yesterday. The former was escorted to Fangshan by ten Chinese armed police while the latter was sent to the Temple by the Tientsin Police under the special charge of Colonel Ting, Chief of the Tientsin Detective Department. Hence the dispute between General Yang Yitieh and the Allied Consuls concerning the internment of von Hanneken has now been solved by the latter's carrying out the instructions of the Ministry of the Interior to the letter this time.

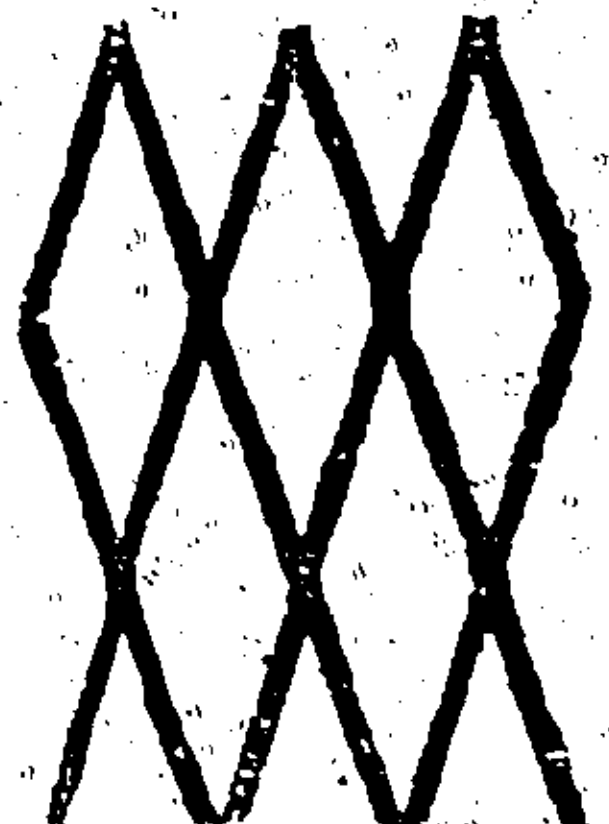
By a Mandate just issued Chang Shou-teeng, Taoyin of Heiho, Heilongkiang, has been dismissed by the central government on account of his pro-Bolshevik actions as complained by the Allied Legations; but the case of General Yang Yitieh is regarded as different from Chang by the Chinese government authorities. Yang did not effectively carry out the instructions of the central government solely on account of the illness of von Hanneken and with the exception of this, he has no other connection with enemy subjects. It is expected that General Yang will be reprimanded and warned by a Mandate shortly so that he can reform himself hereafter. Some vernacular papers are continuing to print the news of General Yang's dismissal from office but as he has been in the police service of Tientsin for fully eighteen years, it is not so easy a task to dismiss him merely for not internment von Hanneken whose health as examined by Chinese doctors was unsuitable for immediate internment in October last. The newly-appointed Taoyin of Heiho, Ma Ting-liang, was formerly Consul-General of Kyren and Foreign Commissioner at Mukden. The selection of Mr. Ma to this post is firstly because he has some connections with the Japanese, who are dominating in Heilongkiang and the Russian Amur Region and secondly he was summarily dismissed by Tachun Chang Lo-lin of Yangtze some months ago, merely for putting the new man in his post. Mr. Ma speaks the Japanese language. (Asian News Agency.)

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Colony for more than 7 days are
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obtained at the G. P. O. and at
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GENERAL NEWS.

To the Pole by Submarine.
The submarine is preferable to
the aeroplane for a dash to the
Pole and for general Arctic
exploration, according to Vilhal-
jundur Stefansson, the Arctic
explorer, who is returning to
Canada to report on his dis-
coveries, says a Reuter New York
message. Courses could be
found, he said, from half a mile
to mile deep and even deeper
under the ice, which could be
traversed to the Pole in a subma-
rine.Prosperous South Africa.
The quarterly bank statement
just published in the fiscal Gazette
affords remarkable evidence of the
rapid accumulation of deposits,
indicative of general prosperity
in the Union. In the three
months ended June 30 the total
deposits in the banks increased
by more than £2,500,000. Since
the outbreak of war the total
increase in bank deposits is over
£25,000,000, or 76 per cent.,
while advances made to customers
have risen by £7,250,000, or 23
per cent., only. In 1914 these
advances amounted to 23 per
cent. of the total deposits, where-
as to-day the proportion is only
65 per cent.Rural Life for the Ex-Soldier.
The Rural League, 21 Surrey
Street, Strand, W.C.2, of which
Mr. Jesse Collings, M.P., is
president, has prepared for
distribution a pamphlet dealing
with the provision of "freehold
cottages and a bit of land" for
disabled soldiers and others. It
deals in practical form with the
cost of cottage building, and shows
what can be done with a quarter
of an acre of land in the growing
of crops and live stock. It also
shows what pension the ex-service
man will have, and generally
seeks to prove that a freehold
cottage with land up to a quarter
of an acre would be a great
advantage both individually and
nationally.A War University.
The United States War Depart-
ment has published the schedules
of studies for the new students
of the Army training course at
Columbia University. The classes
will graduate every three months.
There is a course on the "Issues
of the War," compulsory
for all students. Infantry divi-
sions are required to study mili-
tary law, while naval students
must take a course on interna-
tional law. Students are to be se-
lected on the basis of previous
preparation, physical fitness, and
personal preference for infantry,
artillery, naval, medicine, en-
gineering, or special branches,
and will be assigned to three, six,
or nine months' courses according
to qualification.A Dickens Fete.
The Dickens Fete organised by
Mr. Brasby Williams, Mr. A. J.
Austin, and Mr. W. W. Croft at
the Royal Botanic Gardens,
Regent's Park, recently in aid of
the Charles Dickens Home for
Blinded Soldiers and Sailors, St.
Leonards, included representa-
tions of the Pickwick Club, the
Trial scene in "Pickwick," Bleak
House, Fagin's Den, The Old
Curiosity Shop, Mrs. Jarley's
Waxworks, and Slesary's Circus;
with some well-known actors and
actresses as the principals. Mr.
Croft, president of the Dickens
Fellowship, has helped to raise
enough money to purchase the
freehold of the home, and is now
trying to obtain funds to furnish
it and build the necessary train-
ing shops. When that is done,
he hopes to raise £500,000 to
endow the institution.

GEO. P. LAMMERT.

AUCTIONEER, APPRAISER
AND SURVEYOR.

PUBLIC AUCTIONS.

THE Undersigned has received instructions to sell by Public Auction on
SATURDAY, 30th November, 1918.

commencing at 11 a.m.
at the Hongkong & Kowloon
Wharf & Godown Co., Ltd.
(more or less damaged ex s.s.
"Shinkoku Maru.")

3885 bags Copra (in 19 passage
way).
4584 bags Tapioca Flour (on
K. M. L. 49.)
1750 cases Tea (in Timber
Yard and 12 & 14 passage ways.)
100 bales Hemp.

On view from Thursday, the
28th inst.

Terms: Cash on delivery.
GEO. P. LAMMERT,
Auctioneer.

THE Undersigned has received
instructions to sell by Public
Auction on

MONDAY the 2nd December, 1918.

commencing at 10.30 a.m.
at the Hongkong & Kowloon
Wharf & Godown Co., Ltd.
(Kowloon) and afterwards,
at Holts Wharf (Kowloon).
39 Tons Round, Square and
Flat Iron Bars and Round,
Square and Flat Steel bars
(assorted sizes).
15 Tons Steel Angles 3 1/2" x 3 1/2"
x 1" (20/22 ft.)

Terms: Cash on delivery.
GEO. P. LAMMERT,
Auctioneer.

THE Undersigned has received
instructions to sell by Public
Auction on

MONDAY the 2nd December, 1918.

commencing at 10.30 a.m.
at No. 51 Lower Godown of the
Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf
and Godown Co. Ltd.
(For account of the concerned).
362 Kegs Wire Nails
3/4" to 1 1/2"

(all more or less damaged by
water.)

Terms: Cash on delivery.
GEO. P. LAMMERT,
Auctioneer.

THE Undersigned has received
instructions to sell by Public
Auction on

MONDAY the 2nd December, 1918.

commencing at 11.30 a.m.
at Holts Wharf (Kowloon).
(For account of the concerned).
500 Lengths 1 1/2" Galvanized
Iron Pipes.
18/21' lengths.
500' Lengths 1 1/2" Galvanized
Iron Pipes.
18/21' lengths.

Terms:—Cash on delivery.
For permits to view apply to
GEO. P. LAMMERT,
Auctioneer.

A "Hush" V.C.

A humorous incident marked a recent investiture in the Quadrangle of Buckingham Palace. One of the naval "hush" V.O.'s was to be presented to Lieut. Harold Anton, of the R.N.R., the story of whose gallantry is an action with an enemy submarine cannot be told until after the war. Instead of reading the record of the exploit for which the honour had been awarded, as is usual, the Equerry merely stated that Lieut. Anton had won the V.O. Lieut. Anton stepped forward to receive the decoration, and at the same moment the band of the Irish Guards began to play, "Hush, hush, hush. Here comes the Bogey Man." The King, as well as the spectators, at once saw the humor of the situation, and laughed heartily.

NOTICES.

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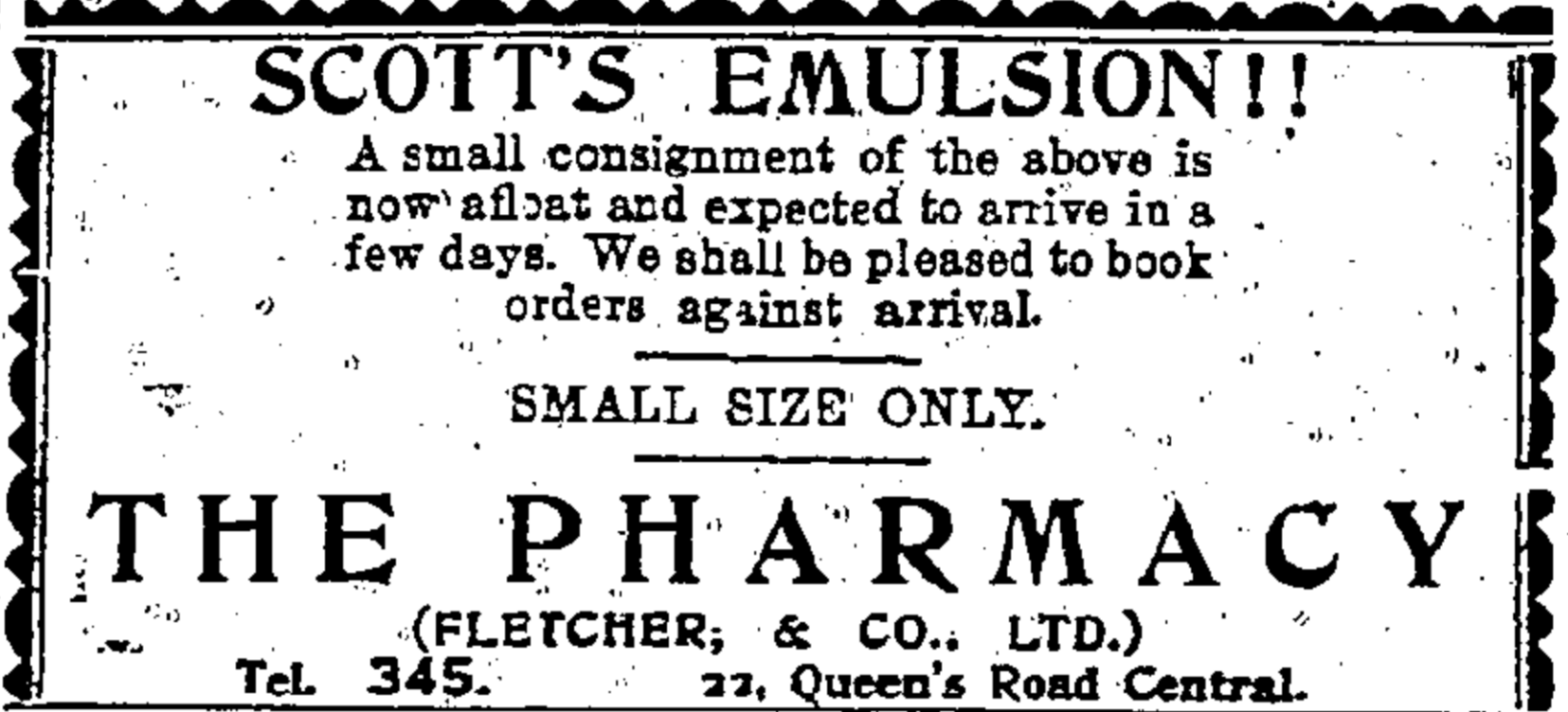
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NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

YAM SHITA KISEN
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WE beg to notify, that we will
remove from St. George's
Building, to the top floor, King's
Building on the 27th November,
and all communications there-
after should be addressed as
above.

NOTICE.

"HEATHER DAY."

THE EXCHANGE BANKS
will be CLOSED for EX-
CHANGE BUSINESS on FRI-
DAY, the 29th instant, at 1 p.m.
Hongkong, 28th November, 1918.

GIT UP ANDY!



**GIT UP ANDY, the war's over. We must sell that
camouflaged weasit o' yours an' git some money
for them 'ospital. They say as they're crowded wit'
poor chaps.**

"Ad a letter from old Bill, him as lost the power
o' 'is legs an' 'as a wife an' six kids. 'E's at
Bellahouston, in that fine ward as was given by the
'Ongkong folk. Says 'e's gittin' on grand an' 'is wife
won't know 'im 'es so 'oddy now.

Member Welsby Jones, 'im as was shell-shocked
an' paralysed! Put them orphyppedik things on him
they did. 'E's discharged, ori' right again'.
Wonderful ain't it?

**BUY ST. ANDREW'S
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**SOCIETY OF ST. VINCENT
DE PAUL.**
will hold
Their 35th Annual "Al Fresco
Fete"

in the Compound of the Roman
Catholic Cathedral on **SUNDAY**
—8TH DECEMBER, from 9 P.M.
to 11.30 P.M.
Admission \$1.

Each ticket of admission is
entitled to a souvenir if presented
at the Souvenir Stalls on the
evening of the Fete only.

Tickets can be had from
MESSRS. KELLY & WALSH.

In the afternoon from 3 p.m.
to 7 p.m. Children's Stalls will
be opened and Tea & Cakes will
be served—Admission Free.

**THE HONGKONG & SOUTH
CHINA WAR SAVINGS
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Membership of the above
Association may be obtained
from all the Banks or from the
undersigned.

**THE UNION INSURANCE
SOCIETY OF CANTON, LTD.**
Honorary Secretaries &
Treasurers.

Hongkong, 14th January, 1919

**HONGKONG STOCK
EXCHANGE.**

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that
the Stock Exchange will
be CLOSED on **FRIDAY, 29th**
of November 1918. "HEATHER
DAY."

By Order of the Committee,
E. M. RAYMOND,
Secretary.

Hongkong, 27th November, 1918.

WATSON'S COLD CURE TABLETS

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POSSIBLE TIME.

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All communications intended for publication should be addressed to the Editor.

Business correspondence should be sent to the Manager.

Cable Address: Telegraph, Hongkong.

Telephone: No. 1 A.B.C., 5th edition. Western Union
Office address: 11, Lee House St.

The Hongkong Telegraph.

HONGKONG, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 28, 1918.

THE BAVARIAN DISCLOSURES.

The sensational disclosures made by Count von Lerchenfeld, Bavarian Minister to Berlin, only confirm our belief in Germany's guilt in bringing about the war. There was never of course any doubt on the matter, but it is intensely interesting to learn the truth from the Germans themselves. Bavaria's position in the European war has always been strange, and to understand the present situation, it is necessary to glance back a matter of seventy years, which takes us to the Austro-Prussian War in which Bavaria stood side by side with Austria against Prussia. For this she had to pay a huge indemnity to Prussia and was forced to concede a certain amount of territory. In 1870, however, she placed her Army under the command of the Prussians, and by the Treaty of Versailles in 1871, she became an integral part of the German Empire with certain special privileges. Bavaria has remained a faithful ally to Prussia since then, and, as we have seen, has done her share in this war, but, nevertheless, there has always been an undercurrent of antipathy and enmity between the two countries, the culmination of which is now very evident. Prussia has always been the overlord and Bavaria the vassal, but the latter is now determined to throw off once and for all the yoke of supremacy, and become an independent state. It has remained faithful to the compact made in 1871, but it has discovered the ruin that must await all the friends of Germany.

While not seeking for an instant to defend Bavaria's conduct in this war, we think it is generally admitted that the many and infamous crimes of Germany can be placed at the door of the Prussians, at least in a great majority of cases, and even on the field of battle, the Bavarians, comparatively speaking, played a better part than most of the purely Prussian troops. And now we find that of all the German States, Bavaria is the only one which is at all hopeful. In alliance with Prussia has gained for it nothing but dishonour and misery, and, as far as can be seen, its people are at last endeavouring to sever its connection from the rest of the German Empire. Only by doing this can Bavaria hope for any prosperity in the future. The disclosures now being made by the Bavarian Government in publishing the correspondence of its Minister in Berlin, throw great light on the European situation as it stood in the days just before the world was plunged in war, for they show in detail all the intricate working of the German plans, all the schemes by which the Central Powers sought to disguise the fact that they were about to throw their armies against France, Russia and Serbia. No longer will our enemies be able to say that they were compelled to take up arms to defend their country, for the letters of Count von Lerchenfeld clearly indicate that Germany intended to make war.

Thus we find that the Note to Serbia was postponed to July 25th because by that time President Poincaré and M. Viviani would have departed from Petrograd, a fact that would "make it difficult for the Entente to arrive at an understanding regarding counter-measures." Austria's invidious position is also very apparent, for Count von Lerchenfeld states that the War Minister and Chief of Staff were sent on furlough to give the Dual Monarchy the appearance of unpreparedness and peace. Neither Germany nor Austria thought for a moment that the Note to Serbia would be an end to the matter; it was only an excuse for a war which they desired and had prepared for, for we read that "the Prussian General Staff swells war against France with full confidence and reckons to overthrow her in four weeks." Nor did they consider that Britain would remain neutral, for they knew full well that the day they set foot in Belgium, our troops would take the field against them. Everything was calculated to a nicety except one vital fact: they did not think it worth considering that the small Belgian Army could hold up their vast hordes for a few precious days, and so give the other Allies time to be prepared. We have seen the result of their forgetfulness.

The Overcrowding Problem.

If the overcrowding and housing problems are not seriously taken in hand by the Government in the near future it will not be for lack of pleading on the part of the public and those who represent it on the Legislative Council and Sanitary Board. The issues have been raised in the Council Chamber, they have been dilated upon at a public meeting and now at the Sanitary Board sitting they have once again been forced to the notice of the Government. The question now is whether the authorities will still display "a discreet and strategic inactivity" on the questions, to borrow the happy phrase used by Mr. Alabaster on Tuesday. In his speech on that occasion, Mr. Bowley went into both issues in a most comprehensive manner, and the picture that he was able to present of existing conditions and of the dangers which they imply should be sufficient to show even the most apathetic that the moment calls for prompt and thorough-going action. To go on putting off the time for doing instead of merely considering would be to play with matters of life and death, for no-one can view the present insanitary state of large areas of the Colony without knowing that public health is greatly jeopardised thereby.

"A Standing Disgrace."

It is, as Mr. Bowley says, a standing disgrace to Western civilisation that this Colony should be more overcrowded and less healthy than the Chinese city of Canton. There are "vile rookeries" here in Hongkong which would never for a moment be tolerated at home, and though it may result in much inconvenience the only right course for the Government to pursue is to carry out the suggestions made by Mr. Bowley and embark on some comprehensive and systematic scheme of reclamation. There are whole blocks of so-called houses in Hongkong which can only be dealt with in one way—by demolition. The populace has to be housed, of course, but the Government can do its part in this respect also by aiding development schemes across the harbour. Mr. Bowley's proposals speak for themselves; and they are to be thoroughly commended to the notice of the Government. It is difficult to understand the inner working of the official mind which was revealed at the Sanitary Board meeting by opposition to Mr. Bowley's resolution on the ground that, because of other representations, it was unnecessary. Surely the other overtures would be immensely strengthened if the whole Sanitary Board, official and unofficial, backed them up, especially as it would speak as the body charged with the care of public health. But officials appear to make a study of the art of being non-committal, and we suppose that explains their attitude on this occasion.

European Rights.

The possibilities of the peninsula in the accommodation of the overflow population are well emphasised in the letter from "Bataspayer" which we publish to-day, and, with Government help in the matter of providing means of communication, it should be possible to find a big outlet across the harbour for the Chinese especially. Ourselves, we are not altogether sure that the Europeans at present dispossessed would all relish the idea of settlement schemes on the peninsula, for many would prefer, as they were once able to do, to reside on the Hongkong side, which is far more convenient for business purposes. It is true that by inducing many of the better-class Chinese to go on to the mainland, houses would be released available to, and originally intended for, Europeans, but unless precautions were taken these would only be snapped up by other Asiatics and the plight of the Europeans made no whit better. What is really needed, and what Britishers have a right to demand, is that there should be certain areas declared and kept as European reservations. Other sections of the community might have their own reservations also, but in a British Colony it is only sheer justice that Britishers should be shown some consideration.

DAY BY DAY.

NO MAN WAS EVER WRITTEN OUT OF REPUTATION BUT BY HIMSELF.

To-morrow's Anniversary.

To-morrow is the third anniversary of British withdrawal from Odesa.

The Dollar.

The opening rate of the dollar on demand to-day was 3s. 3, 11/18d.

No Disease.

There were no cases of communicable diseases notified yesterday.

Wedding.

Miss Lena Gramberg, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. M. G. Gramberg, of Shanghai, was married yesterday morning at the Registrar General's Office, Hongkong, to Mr. Luvinus Uyden, of Antwerp, Belgium. The bridegroom is an Assistant Examiner of the Chinese Maritime Customs at Ningpo. A reception was held in the evening at the Carlton Hotel.

Football Match.

The following team will represent St. Joseph's College in their Second Division League match against the Stiffs and Departmentals on the Navy ground on Saturday, November 30, at 2.30 p.m. sharp:—E. de Souza; W. Ogby and E. P. Xavier; S. A. M. Soper and S. A. Marcal; R. M. Omar, E. A. Mcintosh, E. B. Hyndman (Capt.), J. Silva and L. M. Xavier. Reserve:—V. M. Xavier.

A Cinema Attraction. Cinema-goers can look forward to a really magnificent film at the Victoria Theatre to-night and the three succeeding nights. This is the William Fox super production, "When a Man Sees Red," which features William Farnum, the famous cinema actor. The story is a romance of the South Seas and is the most thrilling photo-play ever produced in the Colony. The management of the Victoria Theatre is to be complimented on its enterprise in securing such a fine picture.

Stolen Glass. A Chinese was charged at the Police Court this morning, before Mr. E. D. C. Walk, with being in unlawful possession of six panes of glass, valued at \$4. Inspector E. MacDonald prosecuted, and said that defendant was found this morning, carrying the panes, by Sergeant Fallo, who questioned him. On giving evasive replies, he was arrested and on being searched a file and a knife were found on him. On the knife there were traces of patty. The defendant now said he picked up the glass. His Worship said he was satisfied that the defendant was guilty of stealing the glass and being in possession of dangerous weapons. He imposed a fine of \$50 on each charge, or in default, six weeks' hard labour on each count.

FOOTBALL.

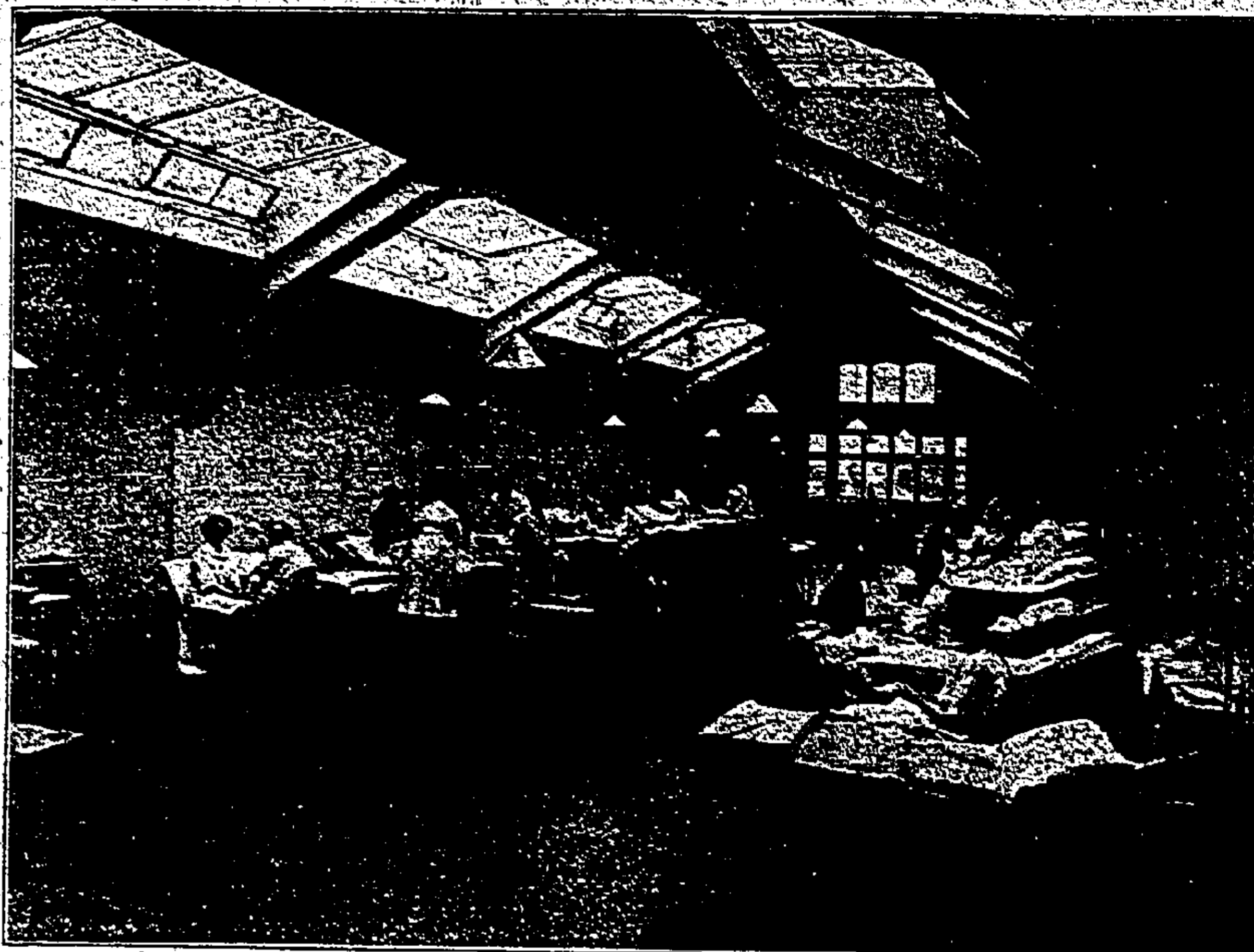
League Match.

The following players have been chosen to represent the Hongkong Football Club in their game with the Manchester Regt. on Saturday the 30th instant, at 4 p.m. on the Club ground:—R. R. Wood; F. W. Black and J. McCubbin; W. Hamilton, J. Stewart and J. D. Carriere; E. Rie, A. H. Clark, D. Riechelmans, H. McVish and G. Jennings.

School League Match.

There was a smart scoring in the match between St. Joseph's College and Saiying-pun School in the second division of the Schools Football League yesterday. It was a rather one-sided game, the College winning by 7-0, and was very dull to watch. Saiying-pun defence line making no serious attempt to stop the alert College forwards. In the first half St. Joseph's scored five goals. H. Sims (2), L. Xavier (2) and S. Banjha being the marksmen. Only on one occasion did the opposing forwards break through, but were prevented from scoring by the backs, who were a tower of strength. In the second half, Saiying-pun School lost heart and the College had things their own way, scoring another two goals. L. Xavier and S. Banjha being responsible.

AT BELLACROFT HOSPITAL.



Hongkong "Heather Day" Funds have done much for the erection and equipment of Bellacroft Hospital, where wounded soldiers are treated on most modern lines. The above photograph shows the Messing Room in the Orthopaedic Department. There are still urgent calls for financial assistance to institutions of this kind. We can all do our "bit" to-morrow.

"THE STUNTS."

Splendid Performance for "Heather Day."

That clever and versatile little band of entertainers known as "The Stunts," which scored such a big hit when they made an appearance sometime last month in aid of "Our Day" Funds, again made a very favourable impression on a large audience when they re-appeared last night to do their bit to swell the "Heather Day" Fund. The Theatre Royal was secured for the occasion, and it was full to overflowing, so that the Fund will benefit to a very considerable extent. The programme, which was slightly altered since the last appearance, included a large number of Scottish items which were most appropriate and most admirably interpreted. Among those present were H.E. the Officer Administering the Government (Hon. Mr. Oland Severn, C.M.G.) who attended unofficially, and Mr. R. M. Dyer, President of St. Andrew's Society.

The first part of the programme was taken up by S. Theyre Smith's one act farce "My Lord in Livery." The story is well-known, and it only remains to be said that in "The Stunts" hands it lost none of its humour, which was so well brought out at the first appearance. Mr. Harry Ramsey was well-received as the family butler, and Miss Elfrida Osmund in the principal role scored a distinct hit. She was supported by Miss Dorothy Razavet and Miss Phyllis d'Almada, the latter substituting Miss Olga Demee, who was unfortunately unable to take part through indisposition. Mr. Dick d'Almada, a Castro as Lord Thirlmere acquitted themselves splendidly, while Master Geo. Razavet had the minor role of page.

After what was aptly termed "Fog Time" in the programme, "The Stunts" and their Jester (Mr. Harry Ramsey) presented their musical medley. The tableau was striking, the smiling faces of the members of the Company surveying the audience through little holes in a black curtain, to which a red light lent effective colour in bringing out of the golden lettering "The Stunts." The first item was the opening chorus, "When the Bonny Bony Heather is Blooming." Miss Phyllis d'Almada, a Castro sang "Won't you make a fuss of me?" with Mr. Alfred Castro and was very well received. Miss Elfrida Osmund pleased the audience immensely with "Jane from Maiden Lane," and was seen again with Miss Dorothy Razavet and Miss Phyllis d'Almada in a dainty little dance arranged by themselves. Miss Dorothy Razavet

TO-MORROW'S CHANCES.

The Raffles and the Auction.

Besides the main features in connection with to-morrow's "Heather Day" celebrations numerous methods have been devised to help to swell the total of funds for the benefit of wounded and sick soldiers. The raffles especially will no doubt prove a big attraction to those who like a mild "flutter" with the prospects of winning substantial prizes. For the Scottish Women's Raffle there are no fewer than twenty prizes, and that these are of a most valuable character may be gathered by paying a visit to Messrs. Wm. Powell's window, where many of the gifts are on view. These include a diamond, pearl and sapphire pendant, a silver tea set, a blackwood tea table inlaid with silver, table lamps, a model yacht and other most useful articles. There are raffles besides this, also.

There should be a big crowd on the Hongkong Cricket Ground at noon to-morrow, where a band and pipers will be in attendance, and where a special auction is to be conducted by Mr. George Lamont. The community has been most generous in providing articles to be auctioned, and there will sure to be spirited bidding for some of the gifts. These include, besides dolls, cushions, etc., a beautiful painting of Hongkong by Mrs. McPherson, which may be seen in Powell's window, seven other pictures, a diamond and platinum pendant presented by the St. George's Society, and numbers of other appropriate articles too numerous to mention.

Everything is now in readiness for a great day. To-morrow the Colony should excel itself.

BILLIARDS.

Palace Hotel Handicap.

In the above Handicap last night, Mr. Morton (owed 100) defeated Mr. A. Simpson (owed 30) by 250 to 225.

To-night Mr. E. White meets Mr. J. Cooke at 6 p.m. and Mr. E. Gamarias meets Mr. A. Goldenberg at 9 p.m.

There will be no play on Friday or Saturday, but on Sunday at 9 p.m. Mr. C. Hart (owed 250) meets Mr. W. L. Weaver (owed 120).

Designed the costumes and had charge of them, Mr. H. H. Rasmussen, who was responsible for the scenery and stage decorations, and Mr. H. W. Ramsey, who rendered general assistance, while Mr. F. A. Razavet has to be commended for the excellent work done in the costumes and scenery.

COMPANY MEETING.

The China Light and Power Co., Ltd.

The seventeenth ordinary general meeting of the China Light and Power Company, Ltd., was held this morning at the offices of the Company, St. George's Building, Mr. R. G. Shaw presided and there were present: Hon. Sir Paul Chater, O.M.G. (Consulting Committee), Mr. T. Leeman (Secretary), Messrs. M. S. Northcote, Tong Lai Chuen, Lo Cheung Ip, H. F. Campbell and R. Henderson.

The Secretary having read the notice convening the meeting, the Chairman said:—At our annual meeting last year when we laid before you our accounts I referred to the difficulties we had to contend with, and during the past year these difficulties have not been lessened, rather the contrary. In spite of this, our business has continued to grow and the accounts now laid before you show a net profit of \$89,441.54 which, as we are unable to pay a dividend for want of funds, we propose to disburse by writing off from value of Lines \$30,000, from value of buildings and machinery \$59,441.54. We explained to you at our last meeting the necessity for increasing our plant and acquiring a new site for the factory for which, of course, more capital would be required and you have probably wondered why nothing further has been done in regard to new capital. The fact is that the new turbines etc. we ordered have not been delivered and under present conditions it is impossible to say when we shall get them. But no doubt with the recent happy termination of hostilities the restrictions on manufacturing and shipment will be, at least modified, if not done away with. In the meantime we have done something; we have come to an end to our negotiations with the Government for a new site and I think the arrangement we have made may be considered satisfactory on the whole. Briefly it is this:—We have obtained a Marine Lot between the Cement Works and the Kowloon Dock in exchange for the old site and we receive in addition an allowance of \$40,000 to cover the value of our old buildings and the cost of filling in and making the new site. The areas of the two pieces exchanged are about the same, but we shall have a Marine Lot, the advantages of which are obvious in exchange for an Inland Lot and we may remove any temporary buildings on the old site that we can utilize for the new factory. We think that the Government have met us fairly in this matter and we trust you will feel satisfied that we have done the best we could in your interests.

Now in regard to new capital, we have decided, with your approval, to delay no longer. As explained to you last year, you will receive one \$5 share in the new Company for every share (whether \$1 or \$5) in the old, that is, the present Company. This will make 100,000 shares at \$5 (\$500,000) and we propose to issue a further 100,000 shares at \$5, share for share, giving present shareholders the first refusal of them. Meetings will be held in a few days to propose and confirm the necessary resolutions which are now being drafted by the Company's solicitors.

As we do not have to pay off our debentures till 1922, we really only require at the moment money to pay for pulling down and transferring our present factory and rebuilding it on the new site. The cost of this should come well within \$100,000, so we propose that \$1 per share shall be payable on application but at present we cannot give the exact date for this, probably sometime in January, and the balance will be called up later on when the bills for machinery fall due. We are also now faced with the necessity for laying all our cables underground which will mean a heavy outlay before long, but as to this we cannot give figures at present.

There is nothing in the accounts that requires special reference except perhaps the small subscription of \$1,000 to War Charities which I know you will approve. In fact, if any of you wish to give or lend, we should

ALIVE AND WELL.

Mr. Justice Gompertz's Son Arrives in England.

The many friends of Mr. Justice Gompertz will hear with great pleasure that his Lordship received a cable this morning bringing the welcome news that his son, reported missing, is alive and well. The message, from the Air Ministry, reads:—
"Pleased to inform you 2nd Lt. H. O. T. Gompertz, Royal Air Force, who was reported missing on November 10th, has arrived in England, November 26th, unharmed and well."
His Lordship was the recipient of heartfelt congratulations from the Supreme Court officials and legal profession as soon as the news became known.

POLICE RESERVE ORDERS.

Orders issued by Mr. F. C. Jenkin, C.B.E., state:—
Heather Day & St. Andrews Fair.
The following extra duties will be provided:—

(a).—Traffic duty with Procession on 29th inst. One Inspector and ten men from Mounted Police.
One Inspector, One Sergeant and 8 Constables from No. 1 Platoon.
(b).—"Fair" duty on 29th inst. One Inspector, One Sergeant and 10 Constables as follows:—

2.30—No. 1 Platoon.
5.30—No. 2 Company.
8.30—No. 2 Company.

(c).—"Fair" duty on 30th inst. One Inspector, one Sergeant and 10 Constables as follows:—

2.30—No. 1 Platoon.
5.30—No. 2 Company.
8.30—No. 2 Platoon.

(d).—"Fair" duty, on 29th and 30th instants, Two Sergeants and 8 men from Ambulance at 3.0 p.m. 6.0 p.m. and 9.0 p.m.

(e).—Uniform will be as follows:—
Sergeants and Constables—Helmets with spikes, and belts for the Procession duty and the first shift of duties (b), (c), (d). Caps with covers for all other duties. Inspectors—same as above, but no swords or belts.

No. 3 Company.
Search Supervisors drawn from this Company will take over the Search duties of No. 1 Platoon on Friday, November 29th.

Service Board.
All ranks are required to fill in one of the Forms, already issued to Unit Commanders, in connection with the Service Board, November 1918.

Members, other than Staff, failing to comply with this requirement will be called upon to attend this Office for the purpose.

Buglers and Drummers.
Cr. Sergeant Tang Wai Nam takes charge during the absence on leave of Sergeant Drummer Wong.

The parade ordered for Friday, November 29th, is cancelled.

like to make a larger donation as a Thank Offering for the end of the war and for the Company's prosperity.

We have written off out of profits \$2,347.70 for Bad Debts but we hope some of this will be recovered from the Custodian of Alien Enemy Property.

As to our current business, I need say very little as the figures speak for themselves and you are as well able to judge of the prospects of Kowloon increasing as we are. The present price of coal, not to mention other things, is as you can understand a heavy handicap on our profits, but we hope it will not be long before there is a change in our favour in this respect.

Sir Paul Chater seconded, and the motion was carried unanimously.

Mr. Northcote moved the re-election of Hon. Sir Paul Chater and Mr. H. P. White to the Consulting Committee. This was seconded by Mr. Henderson and carried. The Chairman moved that Messrs. F. Maitland and A. R. Lowe be re-elected auditors at a remuneration of \$100 each for the ensuing year. This was seconded by Mr. Campbell and carried.

Mr. Northcote:—Before we part I have pleasure in proposing that an additional donation of \$1,000 be given to War Charities.
Mr. Lo Cheung Ip seconded, and the motion was carried. This concluded the business.

SUMMARY COURT.

This Morning's Law Cases.

Before the Puisne Judge (Mr. Justice H. H. J. Gompertz) this morning, Ng Kwan Yang, 101, Des Voeux Road, merchant, sued the Sui Wo, of 1, Wing Lok Street, bakers, for \$190.52, the return of which he claimed as money entrusted to defendants as agents for him.

Mr. J. H. Gardiner was for plaintiff and Mr. D. J. Lewis (Messrs. Johnson, Stokes and Master) for defendants.

This was a part heard case.

Further evidence was heard. The plaintiff's case was that he obtained a draft which he sent to a claimant but which was lost. When the claimant went to the Bank's agents in Canton he was told that the Bill had already been paid. Plaintiff alleged that the draft was wrongly cashed, in view of an agreement arrived at as to a certain signature that should be necessary. Incidentally he said that the Bill produced in Court was not a genuine document.

The case was adjourned.

A Wages Dispute.

The adjourned case in which the Puisne Judge's Chinese teacher was the plaintiff was heard by the Chief Justice (Sir William Rees Davies, K.C.).

Li Hon Fan, 152, Wellington Street, broker, sued Leung Kon Sam, trading as the Asiatic American Trading Company, 55, Bonham Street, for \$110, being as to \$70, balance of two months' salary due to him from the defendant, and, as to \$40, one month's salary in lieu of notice, defendant having dismissed him without notice.

Mr. B. O. Faithfull was for plaintiff and Mr. E. Davidson (Messrs. Hastings and Hastings) for defendant.

Mr. Faithfull said that the whole issue seemed to be whether there was a contract to employ. There was nothing in writing, but he could satisfy his Lordship that there was a verbal contract. The facts were that the plaintiff and a friend went to the defendant, who was carrying on business as a coal merchant. Plaintiff held that he was engaged to buy coal for export to Canton at \$40 per month. Plaintiff had great difficulty in getting his salary and he had only received two amounts of \$5 each which defendants now said was a loan. Defendant told him that a man was expected to join the firm and to put in \$3,500, in which case defendant said he would be able to pay everybody; otherwise he would be bankrupt. Plaintiff was Mr. Justice Gompertz's clerk.

His Lordship:—That has nothing to do with me.

Defendant denied having employed plaintiff.

The hearing is proceeding.

The above mentioned vessel having arrived from the above mentioned Ports, consignees of cargo are hereby informed that their cargo will be landed at their risk into the hazardous and/or extra hazardous Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf & Godown Co., Ltd., Kowloon, and stored at Consignees' risk.

Consignees of cargo are hereby notified that they must produce an Import Permit signed by the Superintendent of Imports & Exports, Hongkong, before Bills of Lading can be countersigned.

All broken, chafed and damaged goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on the 5th December 1918 at 10 a.m.

All claims must be presented within a month of the steamer's arrival here; after which they cannot be recognized.

No claims will be admitted after the goods have left the Godowns and all goods remaining undelivered after the 6th December 1918, will be subject to rent.

No Fire Insurance whatever will be effected.

Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for counter-signature immediately.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
J. ORAM SHEPPARD,
Acting Agent.
Hongkong, 27th November, 1918.

WANTED.
WANTED.—One or two bright, energetic Japanese gentlemen, to represent a first-class Life Insurance Company. Apply, giving particulars, to Box 145, c/o Hongkong Telegraph.

LOST.
LOST.—Half-grown Siamese Cat (Male), white body with brown tips. Lost from Kellott Crest, No. 55 The Peak, on the 27th inst. Reward will be given to finder if returned to the above residence.

H. J. CAMPBELL.

MENTHOLATUM

DON'T SCRATCH

USE

"MENTHOLATUM"

ALL CHEMISTS STOCK IT

DAIRY FARM NEWS.

CHEESE! CHEESE!! CHEESE!!!

Adds variety to your diet and is healthful food.

AMERICAN CHEESE.

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York Buildings, Hongkong.

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WYOMING SHOVEL WORKS,
WYOMING, Pa. U.S.A.

MANUFACTURERS OF SHOVELS, SCOOPS AND SPADES.

TO-DAY'S NEW ADVERTISEMENT

ST. ANDREW'S FAIR.

29th November.

THE FAIR will be formally opened by His Excellency the Officer Administering the Government at 3.00 p.m. The various side-shows will not open until the Scottish Standard above the Heiter Skelter is broken out. Until then all assistants at the booths are particularly requested to maintain silence.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

s.s. "COLOMBIA"

From SAN FRANCISCO,
HONOLULU, JAPAN PORTS
& SHANGHAI.

The above mentioned vessel having arrived from the above mentioned Ports, consignees of cargo are hereby informed that their cargo will be landed at their risk into the hazardous and/or extra hazardous Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf & Godown Co., Ltd., Kowloon, and stored at Consignees' risk.

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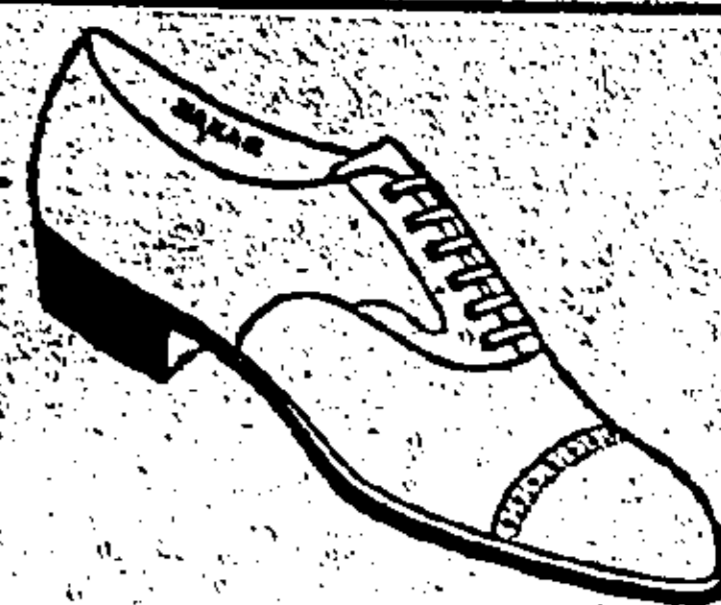
"MENTHOLATUM"

ALL CHEMISTS STOCK IT

H. J. CAMPBELL.

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New season's stock for Autumn and Winter now showing at:

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MEN'S WEAR SPECIALISTS,

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Powell Ltd
TELEPHONE 346

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WE STOCK IT IN ALL WEIGHTS.

KNITTED WAISTCOATS AND SWEATERS

GOLF HOSE, SOCKS, Etc.

NEW MUSIC.

FOR THE COMING SEASON.

"HAVONOLA"
"MORE CANDY"
"SOMEWHERE IN FRANCE"
"ALL I NEED IS A GIRL"
"CHERRY BLOSSOM"
"JOAN OF ARC"
"OH! JOHNNY OH!"
ETC.

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**THIS FAMOUS BRAND
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	*Nikko Maru T. 9,600	SATUR. 14th Dec. at 11 a.m.
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HAMA	*Tama Maru T. 7,000	FRIDAY, 29th Nov. Dec. at 11 a.m.
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For	Steamers.	To Sail.
SHANGHAI	Sunning	28th Nov. at noon.
SWATOW & BANGKOK	Chinhua	29th Nov. at 9.30 a.m.
WEIHAIWEI & TIENTSIN	Kueichow	29th Nov. at noon.
SHANGHAI	Yingchow	1st Dec. at noon.
SHANGHAI	Sinkiang	3rd Dec. at noon.
SHANGHAI	Suiyang	5th Dec. at noon.

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Tijmanoeck	Java	in port	30th Dec.	S'hai/Danly
Schiedyk	Java	in port	3rd Dec.	Saigon
Tjikini	Java & M'sar	in port	29th Nov.	S'hai/Danly
Nias	Java	1st Dec.	8th Dec.	Saigon
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Haihong...	J. W. Evans	TUES. 3rd Dec. at 1 p.m.
Haikun ...	A. E. Hodgins...	FRI. 6th Dec. at 1 p.m.

FOR SWATOW.

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For	Steamship	On
MANILA	Loongsang	Fri. 29th Nov. at 3 p.m.
SINGAPORE & Penang	Van Waerwijck	Fri. 29th Nov. at 3 p.m.
HAIPHONG	Taksang	Tues. 3rd Dec. at 8 a.m.
SHANGHAI	Wingsang	Thur. 5th Dec. at d'light.
SHANGHAI	Talsang	Fri. 6th Dec. at d'light.
SANDAKAN	Mausang	Fri. 6th Dec. at noon.
MANILA	Yunsang	Fri. 6th Dec. at 3 p.m.

CALCUTTA LINE—This line is temporarily discontinued owing to the war, but at present a monthly service is maintained with Calcutta by the s.s. "KWAISANG" and "VITIM" calling at Singapore and Penang. The former vessel has excellent passenger accommodation, is fitted with Electric Light and Fans and carries a fully qualified Surgeon.

SINGAPORE LINE—The s.s. "VAN WAERWIJCK" leaves for Singapore approximately every fortnight. This vessel has excellent accommodation for first class passengers, and is fitted throughout with Electric Light and Fans and also carries a fully qualified Surgeon.

SHANGHAI LINE—Sailings approximately every five days between Canton and Shanghai, sometimes calling at Swatow. Steamers on this line have a limited amount of passenger accommodation, and through tickets can be obtained for Southern and Yangtze Ports via Shanghai. Through Bills of Lading are issued to all Northern and Yangtze Ports.

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SCORPIO LINE—One sailing per month between Hongkong and Sandakan by a steamer, having up-to-date accommodation for passengers.

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All European Passengers, leaving the Colony for Straits Settlement, are required to produce on arrival at destination passports with their Photographs and description affixed thereto.

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SHIPPING NEWS.

Wooden Ships in Japan.

Owing to the scarcity of iron and steel in Japan and the shipping boom there has been a great increase in the number of wooden ships built, some of which have been good, and others so bad that they came to grief on their maiden voyage. It is feared there will soon be more wooden ships than can be profitably employed in Japan, and as a way out of the difficulty a proposal is now mooted among shipping men in Kobe and Osaka to establish a steamship company "under joint Sino Japanese management" with the object of maintaining shipping services along the coast of China with wooden ships. Though it will be some considerable time before the idea takes any concrete form, it is said the matter is engaging serious attention among the parties interested.

Glasgow Harbour Rates.

The Clyde Navigation Trust at a meeting recently agreed to increase the rates chargeable on goods and vessels at Glasgow harbour. Sir Thomas Mason, who presided, moved that the rates on goods and vessels which under the order of the Board of Trade were recently raised by 50 per cent. be increased up to 66 2/3 per cent. above the statutory maximum, and that certain other rates in the schedule relating to graving docks, cranes, hoists, &c., be increased by 16 2/3 per cent., but not exceeding 66 2/3 per cent. above the statutory maximum. Sir William Raeburn seconded, and the motion was adopted. On the motion of Mr. Shields it was agreed to make the following increases in the granary rates and charges: For discharging grain in bulk from ship's hold by elevator, an additional charge of 3d per ton; for lots of 600 tons or under in any one hold and for discharging grain in bulk by portable elevators 8d per ton, in addition to the tariff rates.

German Nitrate Ships Captured.

Shortly before the war began no fewer than ten windjammers set sail from Chile loaded with nitrate for Hamburg and Bremen, the cost of each cargo being about £1,000. Not one of them, however, reached the Elbe or the Weser, as all were taken into a Channel port. A few months ago also large quantities of nitrate stored on the West Coast of South America were bought for British account, but in this connection, a satisfactory exchange bargain was struck, the material being paid for in American drafts against gold on the Bank of Berlin. Nearly 1,500,000 tons of nitrate are now being bought by the British Government, though negotiations have not yet been concluded. The contract is believed to be satisfactory from the producer's standpoint, but not many of them as yet have participated in the scheme, and there appears to be some difficulty in obtaining tonnage, unless several of the ex-German ships are chartered for the purpose.

The Rivetless Ships.

In view of the arrival of the rivetless ship, the proposal made over a year ago by an American, Mr. M. F. Hill, may be recalled. According to Mr. Hill, if the steel was not heated in the arc above the flowing limit and if manganese was added by means of the electrode, the joints were reliable. Parts of ships could be manufactured in large quantities from the same patterns. It was proposed that ten large foundries with 50 furnaces, each of a capacity of 25 to 30 tons, should be erected to supply the necessary castings, so that each foundry could turn out 50,000 tons a month. The possible size for the castings was given as 25 by 10 m. and over. "The welding of the shell was to be carried out from the inside, so that the outside might be smooth, and any roughness that were unavoidably produced were to be removed by clipping or filing. Partitions, bunkers, etc., were to be formed of sheet steel welded on to the decks and shell. The outer surface of the ship might be flattened by covering it with minimum and cement. One hundred workmen could produce 50,000 tons of shipping in each of the ten works every month, so that a 10,000-ton ship could be completed every five to six days. The inventor claims that the production of ships of this type would be lower than the space frame price of ships constructed in the ordinary way."

CORRESPONDENCE.

The opinions expressed by correspondents are not necessarily those of the Hongkong Telegraph.

THE HOUSING PROBLEM.

[To the Editor of the "Hongkong Telegraph"]

Sir,—The enthusiasm displayed at the large and representative public meeting held in the City Hall on the 7th November to consider the housing problem clearly demonstrated the existence of a strong public anxiety and desire for a settlement of this important question. The meeting unanimously passed a resolution asking the Government "to appoint a Commission to inquire into the housing problem and transit question in connection with same." It is to be hoped that the Government when considering this resolution, will not overlook the fact that this question is one in which every member of the community is directly interested, and that the arguments which have in years past been advanced against other proposed Commissions do not, for this very reason, apply to a Commission on the housing problem, on which the Government should, if a satisfactory solution is really desired, lose no opportunity of securing the opinions and suggestions of all sections of the community. The question, with its many ramifications, is clearly not one for any single Government Department to investigate. A Commission on similar lines has had excellent results in Singapore; here the housing problem demands much more urgent and comprehensive action than in the Southern Colony, and we have no doubt that in view of the unanimous expression of public opinion voiced at the City Hall meeting, the Government will readily approve of a representative and disinterested Commission to investigate and report on the matter in all its aspects.

The steady growth of the Colony's population since the early days of British occupation, and the limited area of land available on the Hongkong side, have rendered the housing question one of the most serious problems to be solved by our local administration. Owing to the scarcity of level land, the necessity for reclamation was realised as early as 1851 (only ten years after the occupation) when some 8½ acres were reclaimed between Wilmer Street and Bonham Strand West. In 1873, the East Praya was reclaimed, and in 1884 some 23 acres were added at Causeway Bay. Two years later, in 1886, 25 acres were reclaimed at Kennedy Town. Since that time the largest of all our reclamations—the Praya—has been completed, providing 65 acres to meet the Colony's growing population. So urgent was the demand for space, however, that every part of building ground on this large area was covered with houses almost as soon as completed. Still another scheme of even greater magnitude is soon to be undertaken—the Praya East Reclamation—which will provide about 84 acres of building land, exclusive of roads.

In spite of all these reclamations and the rapid development of the Kowloon Peninsula as a residential area, the great problem still remains unsolved. These successive reclamations have added considerably to the area of level ground, yet the overcrowding in some districts is so great that the number of people per acre exceeds that of the most crowded portions of the slums of London or New York. As Mr. Bowley remarked at Tue-

day's Sanitary Board meeting, it is a standing disgrace to this outpost of Western civilisation that the city of Canton is far less crowded than Hongkong. The clear and considered statement of the overcrowding conditions in Hongkong which appear in the "Report on the Outbreak of Epidemic Meningitis" by Lieut. Olitsky of the Rockefeller Institute for Medical Research is one of the most severe indictments on a city's housing conditions which I remember to have seen. Lieut. Olitsky informs us that the districts which showed the greatest incidence of the disease were the most crowded sections of Hongkong and Kowloon, while in areas where there was no crowding, notably the Tsim Sha Tsui and the Hill District, there were no, or comparatively very few, cases. "In the first place there are too many houses on too small a space, in this way causing structures to be in close proximity. In turn this gives rise to insufficient ventilation and for the most part very little light. The streets and lanes are so narrow and the houses are so high (in proportion to the narrowness of the street) that not only ventilation and light becomes deficient but the air is always damp from the wetness of the passage ways." He goes on to cite typical examples of overcrowding, one of which may be quoted: "20 persons living in a space of 5,295 cubic feet, with two windows and one door all of which were bolted." "The air," he remarks, "was quite foul." "In all these houses," he continues, "the legal restrictions insist on seven to nine persons to the floor, the actual number was thirteen to twenty." Here we have, in a few words, the awful seriousness of the present conditions. We have solemnly decreed by Ordinance that a certain floor is to contain not more than seven to nine persons, but because there is no more available building space on this side of the harbour, and because vested interests have in some mysterious manner been able to thwart all attempts at development of building sites and means of communication on the mainland, the Sanitary Officials of the Government are obliged to close their eyes to flagrant and wholesale breaches of the regulations which they see around them daily in every Chinese house in the Colony.

Lieut. Olitsky sums up the situation thus:—"Hence there are too many houses over too small an area, there are no sanitary arrangements for light and air within the houses, and there are too many persons living in the house. It is beyond the scope of this investigation to show how this great social and economic problem of overcrowding as it were the enormous number of Chinese from the small area of their community may be accomplished. Reclamation of land and colonisation of the adjacent New Territories by improving transit facilities suggest themselves. But this question is left for solution by the Government."

There is not very little available level building space on the Hongkong side of the harbour. For this reason the speeches at the recent public meeting showed a desire to get away altogether from this "tight little island" in formulating plans for future development. As Mr. J. P. Braga put it: "After considering all other possible localities Kowloon appears to present all the conditions required for a new settlement with ample means for future development." A model European or Portuguese settlement is suggested in the district lying between the prolongation of Coronation and Teipo Roads, and Mr. Bowley has suggested the development of the flat area between the Teipo Road and Taikokui with a view to so-

commodating the very class among which the most serious overcrowding at present exists, namely, the great labour population of the Colony.

In addition to these two ambitious schemes, Mr. Bowley on Tuesday also drew attention to the very extensive reclamation at present being carried out at the head of Kowloon Bay by the Kai Tak Land Investment Company. This great work, which was first conceived by Dr. Wu Ting Fang, the eminent Chinese diplomat, and fostered by the late Sir Kai Ho Kai, C.M.G., is the largest reclamation undertaking ever initiated in this Colony by private enterprise. This reclamation, which is being pushed forward rapidly, extends across the whole of the head of Kowloon Bay from Old Kowloon City to the Taiwan Glass Works, covering an area of 210 acres. In order to convey some idea of the extent of this great scheme the following particulars may be cited:—

1. The contract for the first portion of the scheme amounted to one and three quarter million dollars.

2. The reclamation will considerably exceed in area the whole of that portion of the Kowloon Peninsula south of Austin Road (including the Railway Reclamation).

3. The Praya will be equal in length to the Hongkong Praya from the General Post Office to Whitty Street.

4. Along this water frontage of over one and a half miles there will be piers at which ocean-going steamers can be berthed at low tide.

5. An area of four acres is being laid out as a Recreation Ground.

6. The Praya is to be 175 feet wide and the main central thoroughfare 100 feet in width. All the other roads intersecting the settlement will be 50 feet wide.

7. The Praya and the main central thoroughfare are to be lined with trees.

8. A service of well-appointed ferry boats is to run to and from Hongkong.

The site is undoubtedly the most suitable for a settlement outside of the island of Hongkong. Situated at the head of a great sheltered bay, which is the refuge for all the shipping in the harbour during typhoon weather, the piers along the new Praya are—with the opening of connections with the railway—undoubtedly destined to be a valuable asset among the shipping facilities of this great port. Sheltered by high hills from the cold winds in winter and exposed to all the cool breezes that blow across the harbour in summer, the site is an ideal one as a residential district. The splendid system of nullahs, which an inspection even at this stage reveals, is designed for the purpose of thoroughly draining all the back areas between the reclamation and the hills to the north, so that no breeding places should be left for mosquitoes in the whole of this extensive district.

Another advantage of the scheme is that a larger area of level land is still available to the north of the reclamation and of the Customs Pass or Sikong Road, over the ground now embracing the villages of Pak Uk Tsi and Ngan Chi Wan, around Hammer Hill, and the villages of Sha Ti Un, Un Ling, Nga La Tan, Po Kong, Pak Hang and Nga Tsin Wan to Kowloon City, most of which land is now occupied for cultivation purposes by the people of these villages.

The enterprise shown by those associated in this great undertaking should serve as an inspiring example to us in the problem with which we are now confronted in connection with the provision of housing accommodation for the European and Portuguese communities and for the great labour popula-

tion of the Colony. The Kowloon Bay Reclamation fortunately simplifies the problem very considerably, as it is hoped that with an extension to the north which the promoters will doubtless be prepared to undertake when the time arrives, this area will be sufficient to meet the needs for many years to come of the class for which the reclamation is intended, namely the wealthier and better class Chinese, including persons such as English-speaking clerks for whom bright, well ventilated flats on modern lines will be available at reasonable rentals.

The transit question in connection with all these three schemes, the European and Portuguese Reservations, Shamapoo and the Kowloon Bay Reclamation, is one which demands the prompt and earnest consideration of the Government. It is understood that the construction of tramways on the Kowloon side may be expected to commence within a year or so after the war. It is to be hoped that the lines will not run merely to the thickly populated districts of Yau-ma-tei and Hung Hom, but will be continued to those areas which are being newly developed in the territory beyond. The success of all schemes aiming at the development of outlying districts must always depend to a very great extent on cheap, easy, and rapid means of communication. These new districts should be served by a moderately frequent tram service from the early stages of their development, even if this should necessitate a Government subsidy to the Tramway Company for a certain number of years until such time as the population would be sufficient to make the service remunerative.

It may appear that I have here dealt more with the Chinese than the European housing problem, but, as many know from experience, the latter has to a considerable degree arisen out of the former. The large influx of the Chinese of the better class into the Colony in recent years has considerably accentuated the urgency of a problem which has been always demanding solution since the early days of British occupation. As a natural result of this influx, all properties in Hongkong and the Kowloon peninsula have considerably appreciated. These Chinese are not temporary residents; they have come to make Hongkong their home. Their presence will undoubtedly be an asset to the Colony and will have an ultimate beneficial effect on the Colony's financial life, but unfortunately the immediate result is that European and Portuguese residents who cannot afford to live on the only European Reservation—the Peak—are forced to quit localities where they have for years been able to find suitable homes at more or less reasonable rentals and are, as a consequence, brought face to face with a perplexing situation which is daily becoming more alarming, a situation the difficulty of which is accentuated by the fact that there are no more suitable properties to be found elsewhere in Hongkong. Hence any attempt at a solution of the problem of finding accommodation outside Hongkong for the Chinese of the better class must be of paramount importance in the consideration of the European and Portuguese housing question.

There are big problems to be faced and vested interests in many forms to be combated, but if the Colony is to go on and prosper in the future as in the past, these problems must now be tackled and solved once and for all.

Yours etc.,
R. B. PAYZER.

Hongkong, 27th November, 1918.

HOW LONG HAVE YOU HAD RHEUMATISM?

Perhaps you are doctoring symptoms instead of the Disease. Three instances of a more successful method.

There are almost as many ways of doctoring rheumatism as there are doctors.

Most of these treatments are directed at the symptoms and are considered successful if they relieve the pain and stiffness. But the blood remains unpurified and so the rheumatism is sure to return, especially during cold or damp weather. There is, however, one method that has proved eminently successful in rheumatism, and this has been verified by, among many others, Mr. Albert White, who lives at 1A, Chester Road, Winchester, England. To a press representative recently he described his search for something more than relief.

"Many of my fellow workers," said he, "are subject to pains in the back and muscles from lumbago and rheumatism, and I often had to leave work suffering awful pain. My trouble was rheumatism, and I did not know what to do to get relief."

Mrs. White, who was present at the interview, took up the conversation here:—

"I was once a cripple through rheumatism. For some years I had severe attacks, and could scarcely use my feet. Medicine did not seem to do me any good. The pain in my limbs was as bad as though my sinews were drawn. When I had almost given up hope, someone advised me to try a course of Dr. Williams' pink pills. I did so, and the result was wonderful."

"My appetite picked up and my spirits brightened. Steadily I improved and the rheumatism got easier and easier. Before I had taken three bottles of Dr. Williams' pink pills the rheumatism had quite gone, and my health generally was splendid. I have never had any return of the rheumatism or pains."

"Now to finish my story," said Mr. White. "I delayed taking Dr. Williams' pink pills until I was scarcely able to stand upright. But when I did take them I found prompt relief. I had only taken two bottles of the pills, when I ate better and enjoyed my food. Every dose of Dr. Williams' pink pills made the stiffness easier and the pains less severe. In a short time the whole trouble left me; I was free from rheumatism, and have felt fit ever since."

Mrs. White added:—"My cousin is in the Coldstream Guards, and has been wounded in the war. I remember the time when he could only walk by the aid of sticks. His trouble then was due to severe stiffness. But after a short treatment with Dr. Williams' pink pills, he got thoroughly well."

Dr. Williams' pink pills are invaluable in diseases of the blood and nerves. They have cured anaemia, after effects of influenza, general debility and sick headaches, dizziness, nervous prostration, and have accomplished wonderful results even in chronic cases. But you must ask for Dr. Williams' when buying at shops and see that the name is on the package. They are also obtainable, one bottle for \$1.50, six for \$8, post free, from the China Offices of the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., 93 Swatow Road, Shanghai.

New American Vice Consul.
Mr. J. G. Nardini, an American Vice Consul who will be attached to the American Consulate-General in Canton, will probably be here next week, says the Canton Times, he having left San Francisco the middle of last month. Mr. Nardini will have in charge the emigration affairs of the Consulate General.

"HEATHER DAY"

St. Andrew's Golf Course.

Ladies and gentlemen are reminded that this Course will be open for play on "Heather Day" and consequently there will be no occasion for golfers to go to Fanling, Happy Valley, Deep Water Bay or to the U.S.R.C. Course at Kowloon. Come and spend your money at the St. Andrew's Course in the Fair Grounds.

The Main Course is one of 9 holes and will tax the skill of the keenest golfer to make a good score. Bankers have to be negotiated very carefully to avoid disaster. The following are the holes:—

The 1st called 'The Gully' and is 58 ft. long with Bogeys 3.

The 2nd called 'The Rise' also 58 ft. long with Bogeys 2.

The 3rd called 'The Armchair' 66 ft. long with Bogeys 3.

The 4th called 'The Mound' 63 ft. long with Bogeys 3.

The 5th called 'The Pond' 54 ft. long with Bogeys 2.

The 6th called 'The Bamboo' 39 ft. long with Bogeys 2.

The 7th called 'The Long Hole' 98 ft. long with Bogeys 3.

The 8th called 'The Fence' 53 ft. long with Bogeys 2.

The 9th called 'The Home Hole' 80 ft. long with Bogeys 3.

The total Bogey is therefore 23. There will be a Bogey Competition for those who wish to try their skill, open to ladies and gentlemen. There is no reason why the ladies should not excel on this Course and we may remind them that a lady won the last prize last year on the 7-hole course in the Fair grounds when miniature golf was first introduced in the Colony.

Long driving counts for nothing and an ordinary player will have as good a chance of winning the Championship as the scratch or low handicap player.

The first prizes for the Ladies' and Gentlemen's Championships have been very kindly presented by Sir Paul Chater. The conditions of these Competitions are that a minimum of 40 cards must be returned for each. The entrance fee is \$2 per round and any number of rounds may be played. Banners-up will also receive prizes.

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Medal Play Competition at \$1 per round will be good practice for those aspiring to Championship honours, 1st and 2nd prizes for ladies and the same for gentlemen.

Mixed Foursomes should be popular if one does not want to play too strenuously. Entrance fee \$1 per card. For this Competition prizes will be awarded to the lady and gentleman who do the best medal round.

The Bogey Pool Competition will be open to ladies and gentlemen at \$1 per card, and two prizes will be given. The Bogey for the Course is 23 and the opinion of the leading golfers in the Colony is that the Committee of the Golf Section has set golfers a hard task to beat "The Colonel."

Clock Golf—This is where the novice at golf will have a look in, even to the extent of beating the best men at the game. Many a good player loses his match on the putting green and the fearless novice who looks at the hole and then hits his ball is just as likely to get there as the golfer who studies every blade of grass to observe how the "asp" lies. There are three "Clocks" and as there was so much standing round waiting turns last year the Committee have erected a small stand where intending competitors may rest until their turn arrives to play. This stand is not exclusively reserved for golfers. Those interested in the game can view all the clock golfers as well as the play on the 9 hole course by paying a fee of \$1 at the gate.

TO-DAY'S MISCELLANY.

Although Germany claims the invention of the piano, the first real piano was produced in 1709 by an Italian, eight years before the German claim. Up to 1879 British pianos were well known all over the world. The piano industry was first started in Scotland by a Swiss maker, in 1732. He was joined by John Broadwood, a Scotsman, who married the daughter of the head of the English firm and became a partner in, and eventually the head of, the firm of Broadwood. The modern, upright action was invented by an Englishman named Wornum in 1826.

Beliza, where a fire has resulted in the death of the Governor of Honduras, is popularly believed to derive its name from a buccaner named Wallace, though the word has gone far astray in its translation into Spanish. There have been other guesses—as that "Beliza" is a corruption of "Balla-Ile"—but none of them has ousted the romantic tradition. When one remembers that General Booth's name had to be represented in Chinese by something like "Sai-ai," the gulf between "Wallace" becomes credible.

A Calcutta paper, remarking on the trick of the British soldier in naturalising expressions from foreign languages remarks that this trait is as old as the Crusades at any rate, for a writer in Palestine, the organ of the British Palestine Committee, states that the hunting cry "Tally Ho" is of Crusading origin, being the corruption of "Talla Hone," the Syrian for "Come here" accepted and taken back to England by the Crusaders. The Palestine gentleman is rather too eager to work in a little local colour. The old hunting cry is the Norman "Tallias au!" meaning "To the coppice or wood!" Such, however, is the view of the erudite Brewer, and Brewer for all his errors, is probably right in this instance, since most of our hunting language is old French or Norman French. And anyway, what has "Come here!" got to do with the hunting field?

LEAGUE CRICKET.

C. R. C. V. R. E.

This match will take place on Saturday at C. R. C. and the following will represent the home side:—Ng Sze Kwong (Capt), Cheng Chi, Yew Man Tann, Harry Ching, Geo. Lee, Un Hsu Fan, James Wong, K. K. Wong, Wong Po Keung, C. F. Lee and Wei Lee San.

His Excellency the Officer Administering the Government has kindly consented to open the course by playing the first round with Mr. B. M. Dyer, the President of the St. Andrew's Society and they will have the services of two ex-champions of the Colony as caddies.

The Courses will be well lighted with 500 c. p. Edison lamps which will make play at night equally enjoyable with day play and all the Committee of the Golf Section hope for it good weather to ensure success.

A very fine selection of prizes will be awarded to winners, and it is hoped that all who are interested in the Royal and Ancient Game will roll up and do their best to obtain one or more. If failure attends the spending of the first \$10 carry on and spend another \$10, and still another ten, until success is attained.

Machies and putters and balls will be supplied on the Course and caddies will be in attendance. Arrangements have been made with the various stores that winners of prizes may exchange them for others of equal value.

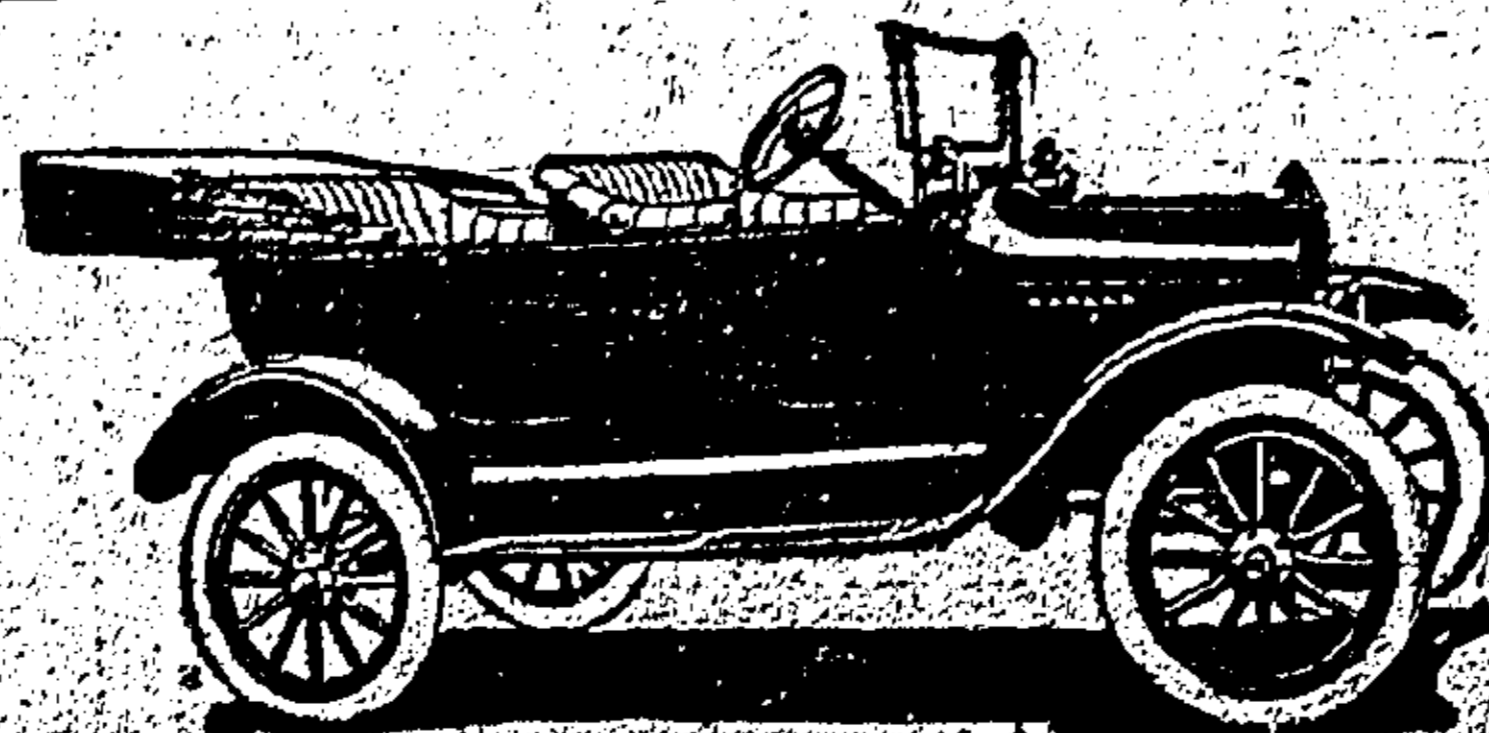
The rules of golf apply to all Competitions. There are no local rules for the Course.



\$1,250 (Local Currency) complete with Electric Lights and Electric Horn.

ALEX. ROSS & CO.

Sole Agents for the Canton District.



ECONOMY.

The Ford is essentially a strong, light car, being built of Vanadium steel, the lightest and strongest steel made. Weight is the most expensive thing in a motor car. Every additional pound increases the demand on the motor, makes necessary more gasoline and oil, and results in greater wear on tyres.

YOUR LAST CHANCE! DO IT WELL!

HEATHER DAY

FRIDAY, 29TH NOV.

8 a.m.	Sale of Rosettes
10 a.m. to noon	Music on Cricket Ground
10.30 a.m.	Motor Car Procession
11 a.m.	Office to Office Collection
Noon.	Auction of Gifts
3 p.m.	Opening of St. Andrew's Fair

Every Cent Raised to be sent to Scottish Hospitals, where Wounded Soldiers and Sailors are Treated Irrespective of Nationality.

Every cent is needed for the great work of healing.

ST. ANDREW'S FAIR

MURRAY PARADE GROUND.

29TH & 30TH NOVEMBER.

Helter-skelter, Joy Wheel, Swing Boats, Aunt Sally, Submarines and Aeroplanes, Chute, Picture Palace, Pill-box, Shooting Gallery, Merry-go-round, Zoo, Scottish Women's Stall, Thistle Tea Rooms, Supper Room, Dance Hall and Cabaret, Duck Pond, Fortune Tellers, Gypsies, Try-your-strength, Miniature Golf Course, etc., etc.

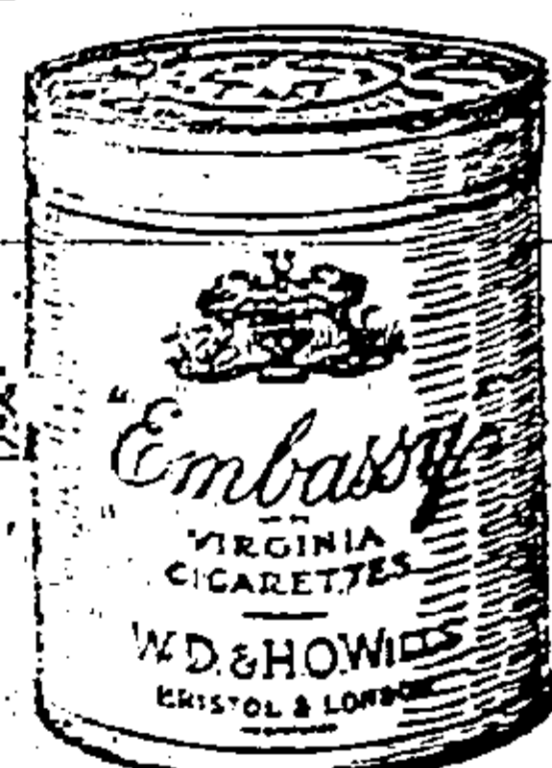
See the Escalator
(First appearance in Hongkong.)

Raffles & Competitions
FOR
VALUABLE PRIZES.

A REGULAR ROUND OF MERRIMENT

Every cent is needed for the great work of healing.

WE ARE PROUD OF THE BOYS WHO WON THE WAR! DO YOUR BIT, AND THEY WILL BE PROUD OF YOU!



Embassy

No. 77
VIRGINIA
CIGARETTES.

Such Cigarettes can only be offered by Manufacturers possessing a Staff of Experts who have had many years' experience in the manufacture of High Class Cigarettes.

The Cigarette de Luxe

Stocked by all High Class Tobacconists.

NOTICES.

ASAHI BEER.



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(DUNDAS STREET).
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MRS. MORITA
CERTIFICATED MASSAGES
TREATMENT OF ALL THE OVER SEAS
FACILITIES FOR BATHING.

POST OFFICE.

INWARD MAILS.

Straits—Per CHUN SANG, 1st Dec.

OUTWARD MAILS.

TO-MORROW.

Swatow and Bangkok—Per CHIN HUA, 29th Nov., 8 a.m.

Shanghai & N. China—Per TAI KIN, 29th Nov., 8 a.m.

Dairen—Per SHAWHSING, 29th Nov., 5 p.m.

Weihaiwei & Tientsin—Per KUEICHO, 29th Nov., 11 a.m.

Saigon—Per HALDIS, 29th Nov., 1 p.m.

Fort Bayard—Per SEUN SHING, 29th Nov., 1 p.m.

Philippine Islands—Per LOONGSANG, 29th Nov., 2 p.m.

Straits and Bangkok—Per VAN WAERWICK, 29th Nov., 2 p.m.

Haiphong—Per CHIAT-YEE, 29th Nov., 5 p.m.

Japan via Kobe—Per TAMA M., 29th Nov., 11 a.m.

SATURDAY, 30th November.

Haiphong—Per HANOL, 30th Nov., 10 a.m.

Haiphong—Per HAIYU, 30th Nov., 10 a.m.

Shanghai & N. C. Japan via Nagasaki, Canada, United States, Central & South America & Europe via Canada—Per AFRICA, 30th Nov., Reg. 9.45 a.m. Letters 10.30 p.m.

Philippine Islands, Straits, Ceylon, Mauritius, South Africa, India via Dhanushkodi & Europe via Suez—Per CARMARTHEN, 30th Nov., Registration 4.15 p.m. Letters 5 p.m.

The Parcel Mail will be closed on Saturday, 30th Nov., at 3 p.m.

SUNDAY, 1st December.

Shanghai & North China—Per YONG CHOW, 1st Dec., 9 a.m.

Swatow, Amoy, and Formosa via K'ung—Per KALJO MAEU, 1st Dec., 9 a.m.

MONDAY, 2nd December.

Straits, Bangkok, Bombay, Aden, Egypt and Europe via Suez—Per HEIFZ, 2nd Dec., Reg. 9.45 a.m. Letters 10.30 a.m.

TUESDAY, 3rd December.

Shanghai & N. China—Per SING LING, 3rd Dec., 11 a.m.

Swatow, Amoy and Foochow—Per HAI HONG, 3rd Dec., 1 p.m.

THURSDAY, 5th December.

Shanghai and N. China—Per SUIYANG, 5th Dec., 11 a.m.

FRIDAY, 6th December.

Swatow, Amoy and Foochow—Per HAI HONG, 6th Dec., 1 p.m.

ENTERTAINMENT

VICTORIA THEATRE.

Nov. 28th, 29th, 30th & Dec. 1st.
9.15 P.M. PERFORMANCE.

WILLIAM FARNUM

IN

“WHEN A MAN SEES RED”

AND

“ROARING LIONS AND WEDDING BELLS”

Booking at ANDERSON'S.

HONGKONG ELECTRIC COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE.

OWING to alterations and repairs at the Power Station the supply of electricity will be shut off on SUNDAY, the 1st. December, from 7 A.M. to 1 A.M.

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & CO.,
Agents.
Hongkong, 28th November, 1918.

WISEMAN'S CAFE

A

Dinner and Dance under the auspices of The Heather Day Committee will be held at

WISEMAN'S CAFE

ON

MONDAY, December 2nd

In aid of the

HEATHER DAY

FUND.

Tickets \$2.50 each.
Tables may be booked.

HONGKONG HOTEL.

NOTICE.

29TH NOVEMBER, 1918, &
ST. ANDREW'S DAY.

SPECIAL “TABLE D'HOTE”
DINNERS WILL BE SERVED
IN THE GRILL ROOM AT
\$3.50 PER HEAD AND IN THE
MAIN DINING ROOMS AT
\$2.50 PER HEAD.

J. H. TAGGART,
MANAGER.

HONGKONG CLUB.

NOTICE.

HEATHER DAY.

THE Club House will be
thrown open on FRIDAY,
the 29th November, to Member's
friends (Ladies and Non-Mem-
bers) from 12 Noon to 3 p.m.

By Order
A. H. ABBAS,
Acting Secretary.
Hongkong, 28th November, 1918.

Printed and Published for the Proprietor, by Charles Maurice Wilson, at 11, Lee House Street, in the City of Victoria, Hongkong.